Panel debate: how is HBV/HDV screening organised in the region, including how to reach special populations





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Screening for hepatitis B in Slovakia

Study (author & year)	Study population		Sample size		HBsAg +		
	Age groups	Region	n		n	%	p Chi ²
IS SR 2018 (PHA SR, 2019)	1-69 years	Slovakia	1-69 years 25-69 years	4,215 1,340	4 4	0.09	
EPID 2010-2011 (Schreter, 2011)	≥15 years	Slovakia (patients hospitalized in infectious disease clinics)	Male Female	4,598 2,214 2,384	79 50 29	1.7 2.3 1.2	< 0.01
HepaMeta 2011 (Jarcuska, 2011)	18-55 years	Eastern Slovakia	Roma non-Roma	855 452 403	66 55 11	7.9 12.4 2.8	<0.001
HBV prevalence 2008-2009 (Kristian, 2013)	>18 years	Eastern Slovakia	All samples RP<5%* RP≥5%** Pregnant wc RP<5%* RP≥5%**	59,279 25,686 33,593	1,031 417 654 292 47 245	1.74 1.62 1.83 2.12 0.98 2.72	ns <0.01

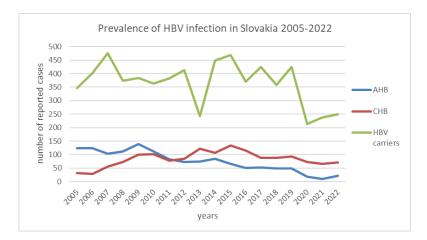
IS SR - Immunological survey in the Slovak Republic; PHA SR - Public Health Authority of the Slovak Republic; EPID - Epidemiological aspects of the occurrence of viral hepatitis B and C in Slovakia, a prospective multicenter epidemiological project; HepaMeta - Prevalence of hepatitis B/C and metabolic syndrome in the population living in separated and segregated Roma settlements, cross-sectional population-based study; ns - non-significant difference; *RP<5% – regions with lower representation of Roma population (< 5%); **RP>5% – regions with higher representation of Roma population ($\geq 5\%$)

general routine screening for HBV in Slovakia:

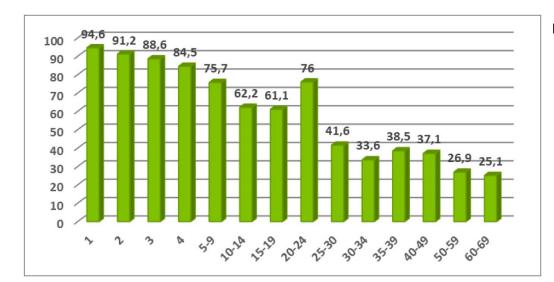
- every blood donor tested for HBsAg and anti-HBc IgG
- every pregnant woman tested for HBsAg in the first trimester

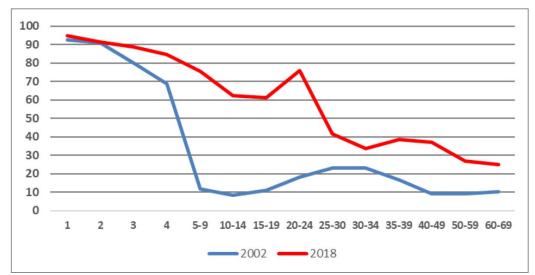
routine testing for HBV in risk groups:

- oncological and immunosuppressed patients
- haemodialysis patients
- health care workers (including anti-HBs)
- prisoners, IVDUs, ...



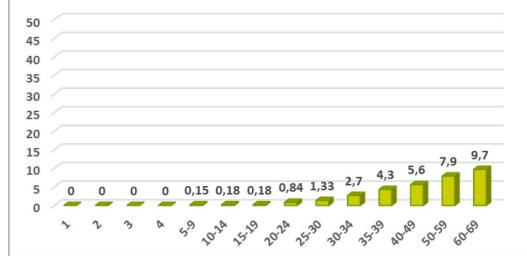
Immunological survey in the SR in 2018 (population vaccinated by the age of 25)





Proportion of positive anti-HBs results according to age, IS 2018

Proportion of positive anti-HBc results according to age, IS 2018



Proportion of positive anti-HBs results according to age, IS 2002 and 2018

Screening for hepatitis D in Slovakia

Study, region	HDV pilot project, Eastern Slovakia	B-MARK Eastern Slovakia	HEGITO Middle Slovakia	Internal dept. NT Western Slovakia	TOTAL
Duration (yrs.)	2008	2019 - 2023	2022 - 2023	2022 - 2023	-
Number of patients	86	206	37	14	343
Sérology for HDV	anti-HDV IgG	anti-HDV lgM, lgG	anti-HDV IgG	-	-
PCR confirmation	-	HDV RNA	-	HDV RNA	-
anti-HDV posit.	0	1 (0,5%)	2 (5,4%)	0	3 (<mark>0,9%</mark>)
HDV RNA pozit.	-	0	-	-	0
Origin of HD+ pts.	-	SK	SK, UA	-	-

Kristian P. et al. Is Slovakia Almost a Hepatitis D Free Country? Viruses 2023;15(8):1695.

- routine reflex testing (every HBsAg positive patient) started in November 2023 (Košice, East-SK)
- ELISA tests used for anti-HDV IgM, anti-HDV IgG and HDAg
- 293 persons tested in 10 months, detection of anti-HDV positivity in 1 patient, HIV+, from UA (confirmed by PCR)
- according to available information, 2 other confirmed cases from Bratislava (West) and 1 from Banska Bystrica (Middle)
 <u>in total</u>: no Slovak origin, 3x from Ukraine, 1x from Moldova; 2 case HIV coinfected
- Problems: routine testing limited, available only in larger centers, PCR confirmation almost unavailable